## EXERCISE WORKBOOK FOR CHAPTER ONE

Print out this workbook for work at home and in class.
1.4.1 האלֶף־בֵּית : ש

The first letter in the word/shah-lohm/ is named /shihn/
$\boldsymbol{U}$. It has the sound $/ s h /$.

1.4.2 האלֶף ־בֵּית : ל
$/ L A$-med/ = /ל/. has the sound $/ L /$.
1.4.3 תרְגיל כְתיבה: Writing Practice


האלֶף ־בֵּית : ם
1.4.4

The final form of the letter $/ \mathrm{mehm} /$, which must be written whenever the $/ \mathrm{m} /$ sound comes at the end of a word.

Practice writing
/mehm soh-fiht/
/lohm/ $\qquad$ לום
"hello,goodby" $\qquad$ /shalom/ שלום
האלֶף ־בֵּית : חזרה - Review

The Hebrew word שלוש, meaning three, uses the letters you have learned.
Practice writing
"three" $\qquad$ /shah-lohsh/ שלוש

| /shoh/ | שו | /shohl/ | שול |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| /lohsh/ | לוש | shahm/ | שם |

Write: /rehsh/ 7

Begin by writing a /rehsh/, then add a bottom curve.
Say "ah" ניקוּד:

Practice writng these letters: Say the sound the letters make, using the /ah/ vowel , as you write them. For example: /lah/ /bah/ /vah/
ל בּ ב ר

|  | "OH" - 1.5.2 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Write the syllable /roh/ $\smile$ start here |  |
| Write the syllable/shoh/ $\leftarrow$ start here |  |
| Write the syllable /boh/ $\smile$ start here |  |
|  | 1.5.3 ניקוּד: ו' |
| roo = רוּ | boo = בוי |
| Write the syllable /roo/ $\ldots \downarrow$ start here |  |
| Write the syllable /shoo/ $\rightleftharpoons$ start here |  |
| Write the syllable /boo/ | - start here |

eh eh eh ! .. .. ניקוּד: 1.5.4


The Shva 1.5 .6
Write the following examples of words with a/shva/ at the beginning of the word:

| "my name" | /shmih/ שְׁו |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | בְרך |
|  | /ֶhvoo/ שְׁוֹ |

Write the following examples of words with a/shva/ in the middle of the word:
$\qquad$
1.5.7 ניקוּד: / The sound of/ih
/ih/ with the letter /yood/ - >
Write the Hebrew word for "song"/shihr/ $\qquad$ שיר
/ih/- ל

Now write the Hebrew word /lihsh-mohr/. $\qquad$ לִשְמור
1.5.8 תרְגילֵי קְריאה

On each line circle the segment that is the exact transliteration of the Hebrew.
a. /rohsh.
b. /shihr.
c. /shoor.
d. /shohr/ שוּר 1
a. /boor/
b. /bohr/
c. /voor/
d. /vohr. בוּר
a. /bih/
b. /boh/
c. $/ \mathrm{voh} /$
d. /boo/ 3. בי
a. /ihsh/
b. /dohsh.
c. $/$ roosh/
d. /rohsh. 4
a. /boosh/
b. /voosh/
c. /bohsh/
d. /vohsh/ בן ש
1.5.9 עבודה בִקְבוּצות: "Group Work "Puzzler

Draw a line matching these Hebrew words with their phonetic transcriptions.

| /bihr/. | 1. 1. |
| :---: | :---: |
| /shihr/ | 2. ביר |
| /boor/ | 3. ריר |
| /rihr/ | 4. |
| /shar/ | 5. שר |
| /shoov/ | 6. שוּב |

/ih/- /lih/

ל 1.5.9.1
Now write the Hebrew word /lihsh-mohr/. $\qquad$ ?ִשְמור
1.7.1 האלֶף בֵּית: ה The letter heh

Practice writing
/heh/ $\qquad$ ה
|shih-ral $\qquad$ שירה

Imah-hehrI $\qquad$ מהֵר
1.7.2 האלֶף ־בֵּית: ה THE DEFINITE ARTICLE

Write the Hebrew: "the song" $\qquad$ השיר
"the peace" $\qquad$ השלום
נ האלֶף ־בֵּית: א ע
1.7.3

Practice writing /AH-lehf/lc and $/ A H$-yihn/ لا Start at the right side of each letter. Then write the completes words below.

1.8
$\qquad$


Practice writing: /noon/ $\qquad$ J
"I (am) $\qquad$ אנו /ah-NEE/
1.9.4 תרְגויל כְתיבה

Write out the name for each letter below.

1.10 שְמות הגוּף: יחיד PRONOUNS - SINGULAR

Practice writing the following phrases:

1.11.2 שלום שְמי

$$
\text { koof =/k/ } P 1.12 .1
$$

Start by writing a $/$ rehsh/, then add a vertical stroke that continues below the line.
"only, just" $\qquad$ /rahk/ רק

TSAH-dih $=/ t s / \leq$ (as in cats) 1.12.2
The TSAH-dih is almost double the height of the regular letters.
Write /TSAH-dih/ $\qquad$ $צ$

Compare it to / /DAH-leht/ $\qquad$ 7 ITSAH-dih/ $\qquad$

FINAL TSAH-dih
Y 1.12.3
Write /TSAH-dih soh-fiht/ $\qquad$
$\qquad$
"jester" $\qquad$ |lehtz/

## A SONG IS NOT JUST WORDS שיר: 1.13

Copy the two Hebrew lines. Can you read them in your own writing?
A song is not just words שיר שיר, הוּא לא רק מילים
A song is not just notes שיר שור, הוּא לֹא רק צְלילום
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$x e h t=/ c h / \cap$ as in Bach. 1.14.1
To write /xeht/, start with a /rehsh/, then add a /vahv/. $\qquad$ $\Pi$
"hole" $\qquad$ חור /xohr/
"Sabbath bread" $\qquad$ חלה /xah-lah
"hot bread" $\qquad$ לֶחֶם חם /Ileh-xem xahm

Write:

| "bachelor" | /rah-vahk/ רווק |
| :---: | :---: |
| "hope" | /tihk-vah/ תיקְווה |
| "Neck" | /tsa-vahr/ צוואר |

The letter /GIH-mehl/ $=/ g /$ as in "good" $\lambda$ 1.14.4
$\qquad$ /GIH-mehl/ 入
"also" $\qquad$ /gahm/ גם
"holiday" $\qquad$ חג /xahg/
"minute, just a minute!" $\qquad$ רֶגע /REH-gah/
"big" (m) $\qquad$ /gah-dohl/ גדול
"big (f.)" $\qquad$ גִדולה /g-doh-lah/

Diphthongs: /ahy/, /ohy/, and /ooy/ אג אוּ 1.14.6
Write
$\qquad$
"desirable" $\qquad$ רצוּי /rah-tsooy
"oy" $\qquad$ אור /ohyl
"after me" $\qquad$ אחרוי /ah-xah-rahy/

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { A SONG IS NOT JUST WORDS - A SONG IS A BEGINNING - שיר } 1.15 \\
& \text { Copy these two lines in Hebrew. }
\end{aligned}
$$



Practice writing/yood/ > 1.18.2
When writing yood, you begin at the height of the regular letters, but use only half of the line. $\qquad$ )
$\qquad$ אנו יודעת $\qquad$
$\qquad$ ון
$\qquad$

Final /feh/ Called (/feh soh-fiht/) $=/ f /$ ?
Write these words: Be careful, there are both $\mathcal{Y}$ and $\boldsymbol{\vartheta}$ in the words


The letter/teht/ is pronounced just like /tahv/ /t/.
Practice writing /teht/ $\qquad$ 0

Write these words and phrases:
slower $\qquad$ יותֵר לְאט
very good $\qquad$ טוב מְאוד
good morning
Where is David $\qquad$ אֵיפּה (איפוה) דוִד

Writing Practice. 1.19.2.1 תרְגילֵי קְראאה וּכְתיבה
Who is sitting next to Rina? $\qquad$ מִי יושֵּ על-יד רִינה?

Who is sitting behind Sara? $\qquad$ מִ יושֶבֶת אחרֵי שׂרה?

Where is Aryeh's row? $\qquad$ אֵיפה השוּרה שֶל ארְיֵה?

$$
\text { ZAH-yihn }=/ z /
$$

Practice writing /ZAH-yihn/ $\qquad$ i

Write these words and phrases:
luck
מזל
what's this? $\qquad$ מה זה?
that's very good $\qquad$ זֶה טוב מאוד
this is very good $\qquad$ זֶה טוב מאוד
congratulations! $\qquad$ מזל טוב!

Start writing the letter SAH-mex at the top and move clockwise $\nabla$

| Write these words: |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| student (m) | סֶטוּדֶנְט |
| student (f) | סְטוּדֶנְטית |
| book | סֵפֶר |
| pardon (me) | סְליחה |
| university | אוּניבֶרְסיטה |
| soda pop | סודה |
| sofa | ספּה |

Final noon $($ noon soh-fiht $)=/ n /$ 1.23.1
Write /noon soh-fiht/ ___

## Write:

small $\qquad$
smaller $\qquad$
very small $\qquad$ קטן מְאוד

I understand (f) $\qquad$ אני מְבינה

I don't understand (m) $\qquad$ אני לא מֵבין
let me see $\qquad$ תֵן לי לְרְאות
give! $\qquad$ תֵן
excellent $\qquad$ מצוּיין
luck $\qquad$ מזל
small couch ספּה קְטנה
notebook $\qquad$ מחְבֶּרֶת
me too $\qquad$ גם אני

I know (f) $\qquad$ אני יודעת

$$
x a h f=/ x / \quad \supset \text { and } k a h f=/ k / \supset 1.23 .2
$$

## Write:

Ixahf/〕 $/ \mathrm{kahf}$ $\qquad$ $\bigcirc$

Practice Writing the Following Words:


Write the three pairs of letters we have learned, where the דגָ pronunciation of the letter. $\qquad$ 1 $\qquad$ 1 $\qquad$

Final xahf (xahf so-fiht) $=/ x /$
Start writing a kahf and instead of curling it under to the left, extend the stroke downward below the line. $\qquad$

Write the Following Words.
your (f) name
long (m) $\qquad$ ארוך:
your (m) name $\qquad$ שִׁמְּך

## What other Hebrew Letters have you learned which extend below the line?

$\qquad$
The Letter $/$ sihn $/=/ s / \quad \dot{U}$ 1.23.4
Write the letter $\boldsymbol{U}$ and add a dot to its left. $\qquad$ ש

Write another Hebrew letter that has an $/ s /$ sound. $\qquad$
Write the following words:
put! (f) $\qquad$ שׂימי שֵׁיער hair $\qquad$ שׂים
put! (m)
$\qquad$
joy $\qquad$ שׁימְחה
cabinet minister $\qquad$ שׂר

Recognizing the names of the letters. 1.23.5 האלֶף ־בֵּות
Write down the letters that are named below. Can you figure out what they spell?


$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { ו. ש. שין - מֵם סופית } \\
& \text { 2. רֵריש - חֵית - למֶד } \\
& \text { 3. שין - למֶד - ו - מֵּם סופית } \\
& \text { 4. בית - ו - קוּף - רֵיש } \\
& \text { 5. שין - יוּד - רֵיש } \\
& \text { 6. וןּד - ו - פֵא - יוּד }
\end{aligned}
$$

1.29 הנה מה טוב שיר:- A SONG

Practice your writing skills by copying the song. Pay careful attention to the direction of writing and the proper starting point for each letter.


\title{

א. מי אתה? <br> 4. Someone did push it and deleted all your files. <br> | ג. ג. מי למה? למה? למה? |
| :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |

## PREFIXES IN HEBREW - 1.33

Find and circle the prefixes in the phrases below:

דוִד וְגילה
התלְמיד וְהתלְמידה
אני כותֵב בְּעיפרון

רינה וְדפְנה
העיפּרון וְהמחְחֶּרֶת
אני סטוּדֶנט בּאוּניבֶרסיטה.

Circle the letter(s) in these words that are prefixes.

1. איפה הבּיִת של יוסף?
2. בוקר טוב בישראל.
3. הנה הסטודנט והסטודנטית בוּ בוֹת
4. המפה הגדולה


Choose a Caption - 1.34.3 מה לכתוב?
Write a caption for each cartoon pictures choosing
from the nine phrases below. Use your imagination

1. בוקֶר טוב
2. בְבקשה לִקְרוא
3. לְהִסְתפֵּל שְׂמֹאלה
4. אֵיפֹה ?
5. בְבקשה
6. בְבקשה לְכְתוב
7. אֵיפּה הסֵפֶר?
8. יותֵר לְאט
9. בְבקשה לחזור אחריי

Using the sentences in §1.34.2 above, choose a caption for each of the four photos below.


Gisting: הבנת הִִשְמעע
Listen to or read the dialogue in section $\S 1.36$ (copied for you below) again. Answer these questions in Hebrew using the phrases in the dialogue.

1. What are the names of the three persons in the scene?
2. Why didn't they know the young man previously?
3. What does Rina propose? Why?
4. What words or phrases express approval?

Here is a copy of the dialogue for you to refer to:
David, a young American studying in Israel, meets two Israelis. Listen to their conversation as read on the audio recording. Then state the gist of the dialog in English. Do Not Translate.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { 1. רינה: דפְנה ! בּואי רֶגע. } \\
& \text { 2. דפנה: רינה! שלום. } \\
& \text { 3. רינה: ד דפְּנה, מי זֶה שם? } \\
& \text { 4. דפנה: זֶה דוד. הוּא תלְמיד בּכּיתה, תלְמיד מְצוּיין . }
\end{aligned}
$$

|  | הוּא אמֶריקאי? | 5. רינה: |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 6. דפְנה: |
| שוֹמי רינה |  | 7. רינה: |

8. David - I'm sorry - I understand some Hebrew.. But I don't speak very well.


## Review 1.36.2

Using the dialogue above, write in the twelve Hebrew phrases below: דְבקשה לִכְתוב בְעבְרית

1. Good morning $\qquad$
2. Who is this?
3. I am the teacher.
4. He is a teacher.
5. I am a student (m).
6. He is a good student. $\qquad$
7. Come here (f) a minute. $\qquad$
8. What is your name (f)? $\qquad$
9. Pleased to meet you. $\qquad$
10. My name is Rina. $\qquad$
11. Who are you ? $\qquad$
12. She is here.

Copy these Hebrew phrases.
Who's that over there?


An excellent student $\qquad$ תלְמיד מְצוּוּין

I don't know (f)
אנו לא יודעת
Now $\qquad$ עְִשיו
Please repeat after me $\qquad$ בְבקשה לחזור אחרוי

Come (f) [here for] a minute $\qquad$ בואי רֶגע

### 1.39.3 למלא את החסר - Fill in the Blanks

As you listen to the audio fill in the blanks on the next page, changing the nouns/pronouns and adjectives to feminine form. The small earphones at the end of the exercise in the "book" has audio with the answers if you aren't sure what the feminine forms are.

| רן, וגם את אישה | 1. אתה איש (םבמ טוב |
| :---: | :---: |
| רֵן, וגם היא |  |
| ֵַן, וגם אני | 3. |
| ֵֵן, וגם היא | 4. |
| רֵן, וגם היא |  |
| ֵַך וגם אני | 6. אני גדול מִוֹוד |
| ֵֵך וגם אני | 7. אני איש נעים |

Fill in the Blanks - למלא את החסר 1.40.1
Below is an exercise in changing adjectives from masculine form to feminine.
Remember that the vowel in most two-syllable adjectives is reduced to a $\mathbf{C l l e}$ in the plural form. Try it out with these expressions. First write in how you think the word should be. Then check your answers by clicking on the "answer" earphones on the page in the book with this exercise.


$$
\begin{aligned}
& 1 . \\
& 2 . \\
& 3 \text { סֵפֶר חסֵר } \\
& 4 \text { איש עיֵי; } \\
& 5 \text { עמוּד קטן } \\
& 6 \text { סֵפֶר קצר } \\
& 7 \text { סֵפֶר שחור }
\end{aligned}
$$

Translation Exercise: תרגיל תיְרגוּם 1.40.3
Translate the following sentences from Hebrew to English


Translate the following sentences from English to Hebrew.
The big exercise $\qquad$
A new book $\qquad$
A good class $\qquad$
A small blackboard (whiteboard) $\qquad$

### 1.42

Match these phrases with their English equivalents. (Draw a line between matching pairs.)

| Repeat after me | יופי |
| :---: | :---: |
| Great | מִצוּיין |
| everyone | תֵֵן לי לִרְאות |
| slower | לחזור אחרי |
| excellent | כּוּלם |
| let me see | יותֵר לִאט |
| please | בְּבקה |
| together | דְּיחד |
| please listen | בְּבשה לִקשיב |
| again! | עוד פּעם! |

Respond with כֵּן or לא or try a short phrase. 1.42.1


Review of Classroom Phrases: Practice Writing and Spelling - 1.42.2
As you listen to the audio using the "book" write what you hear for each sentence.
דוּגמה: תֵשׁ תלמידים בכיתה?

כֵן, יֵש תלְמידים בכיתה


1.42.3 עִנֵנה על השְאֵלות

Circle the right phrase for the situation: (Some vowels have been deliberately left out)

1. You hold a door open for someone and urge them to go in.

א. שלום ב. בבקשה ג. לא, לא! ד. סליחה
2. You would like to hear something again.
א. עוד פעם, בבקשה ב. לחזור אחריי ג. בְקול רם ד. קטן מדיי
3. You want to know who the book belongs to.
4. You are providing a description of an acquaintance.

א. לְחיים ב. הוא אמֶריקאי ג. חוּלְצה שְחורה ד. שֵּיער ג'ינג'י
5. You try to explain why you can't take the phone message.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { א. אֵין עיפרון ב. יֵשׁ עֵט ג. המחְבֶרֶת גְדולה ד. אני עיֵּיפה } \\
& 1.42 .4
\end{aligned}
$$

Fill in the blanks with the correct word or phrase found in the word bank in the right hand column (Nikkud has not been included in the Hebrew.)

## בְבקשה לְמלֵא אֶת החסֵר

1. I'm pleased to meet you $\qquad$
1.42.5 Word Bank

כיתה
2. let me see (m)
3. what's your name? $\qquad$
4. too fast
5. yes
6. excellent $\qquad$
7. class $\qquad$
8. slower
9. please write
10. no $\qquad$
11. what's this? $\qquad$
12. I don't know (m) $\qquad$
13. again $\qquad$
14. a new song $\qquad$
15. good morning! $\qquad$
16. Let me see (f) $\qquad$
17. my name $\qquad$

| מצוּיין |
| :---: |
| שמי |
| כ |
| לא |
| (f)מה שמך? |
| עוד-פעם |
| יותר לאט |
| מהר מדי" |
| נעים מאוד |
| שיר חדש |
| אני לא יודע |
| אני לא יודע |
| אני לא יודעת |
| בוקר טוב |
| מה זה? |
| בבקשה לכתוב |
| תן לי לראות |
| תני לי לראות |

